# ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT



Westfield Contributory Retirement System January 1, 2013



















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#### I. INTRODUCTION & CERTIFICATION

This report presents the results of the actuarial valuation of the Westfield Contributory Retirement System. The valuation was performed as of January 1, 2013 pursuant to Chapter 32 of the General Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

This valuation was based on member data as of December 31, 2012, which was supplied by the Retirement Board. Such tests as we deemed necessary were performed on the data to ensure accuracy. Asset information as of December 31, 2012 was provided in the Annual Statement for the Financial Condition as submitted to this office in accordance with G.L. c. 32, ss. 20(5)(h), 23(1) and 23(2)(e). Both the membership data and financial information were reviewed for reasonableness, but were not audited by us.

I am a member of the Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained in this report. In my opinion, the actuarial assumptions used in this report are reasonable, are related to plan experience and expectations, and represent our best estimate of anticipated experience under the system. I believe this report represents an accurate appraisal of the actuarial status of the system performed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices relating to pension plans.

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Respectfully submitted,

Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission

Member of the American Academy of Actuaries

Associate of the Society of Actuaries Enrolled Actuary Number 11-4709

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**Executive Director** 

John F. Boorack

Senior Actuarial Associate

March 4, 2014

### 2. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

# PART A | COSTS UNDER CURRENT VALUATION

The principal results of the January 1, 2013 actuarial valuation are shown below.

### Present Value of Future Benefits

Actives	\$148,381,252
Retirees, Survivors, and Inactives	136,995,734
Total	\$285,376,986

#### Normal Cost

Total Normal Cost	\$5,219,074
Expected Employee Contributions	<u>3,094,786</u>
Net Normal Cost	<u>\$2,124,288</u>

## Actuarial Liability and Development of Unfunded Actuarial Liability

Actives	\$103,782,750
Retirees, Survivors, and Inactives	136,995,734
Total	\$240,778,484
Assets	<u>152,038,889</u>
Unfunded Actuarial Liability	<u>\$88,739,595</u>

The Board recently adopted a funding schedule effective in FY14. The appropriation for FY14 under this funding schedule is shown on page 9 and the complete funding schedule is shown on page 10.

### PART B | COMPARISON WITH PRIOR VALUATION

The last full valuation was performed by PERAC as of January 1, 2011. Our Local Experience Study Analysis (issued in March, 2002) forms the basis for most of the actuarial assumptions (other than the investment return assumption) used in this valuation. The investment return assumption was decreased from 8.0% to 7.75% effective with this valuation. In addition, the mortality assumption has been modified to reflect future mortality improvement and the salary increase assumption has been lowered to better reflect the current economic environment (see Part C). Below we have shown the comparison between the two valuations.

	PERAC 1/1/13	PERAC I/I/II	Increase (Decrease)	% Increase (Decrease)
Total Normal Cost	\$5,219,074	\$5,198,557	\$20,517	0.4%
Expected Employee Contributions	3,094,786	3,048,800	<u>45,986</u>	1.5%
Net Normal Cost	<u>\$2,124,288</u>	<u>\$2,149,757</u>	<u>(\$25,469)</u>	(1.2%)
Actuarial Liability				
Actives	\$103,782,750	\$106,596,787	(\$2,814,037)	(2.6%)
Retirees and Inactives	136,995,734	108,025,975	28,969,759	26.8%
Total	\$240,778,484	\$214,622,762	\$26,155,722	12.2%
Assets	152,038,889	147,880,236	4,158,653	2.8%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability	<u>\$88,739,595</u>	<u>\$66,742,526</u>	<u>\$21,997,069</u>	33.0%
Funded Ratio	63.1%	68.9%	(5.8%)	

# PART B | COMPARISON WITH PRIOR VALUATION (continued)

Actives	PERAC 1/1/13	PERAC I/I/II	% Difference
Number	860	894	(3.8%)
Total Payroll	\$35,589,538	\$35,657,973	(0.2%)
Average Salary	\$41,383	\$39,886	3.8%
Average Age	48.2	48.9	(1.4%)
Average Service	12.3	12.9	(4.7%)

Retirees and Survivors	PERAC 1/1/13	PERAC I/I/II	% Difference
Number	604	553	9.2%
Total Benefits*	\$13,630,809	\$11,242,111	21.2%
Average Benefits*	\$22,568	\$20,329	11.0%
Average Age	72.0	71.8	0.3%

<sup>\*</sup>excluding State reimbursed COLA

### PART C | PLAN EXPERIENCE AND CHANGES FROM PRIOR VALUATION

#### Plan Experience

#### Plan Liabilities

Since the last valuation, there was a gain on plan liabilities of approximately \$1.7 million (the actuarial liability was less than expected). This gain is primarily due to salary increases for continuing active members increasing less than assumed (average pay increased 3.7% per year for continuing actives). This gain is determined before reflecting the assumption changes discussed below.

#### Plan Assets

The Board previously adopted an asset smoothing methodology to determine the actuarial value of assets. As of January 1, 2013, the actuarial value of assets is \$152.0 million compared to the market value of \$158.1 million. There was an asset loss on a market value basis of approximately \$1.2 million over the 2-year period. The rates of return on a market value basis in 2011 and 2012 were 0.3% and 15.0% respectively.

As of January 1, 2013, the 2008 investment loss has been completely recognized. However, the final recognition of the 2008 loss and the investment return during 2011 and 2012 generated an asset loss of approximately \$15 million over the two year period on an actuarial value basis. The rates of return on an actuarial value basis in 2011 and 2012 were 2.5% and 3.6% respectively.

#### Total

There was a total net loss of approximately \$13.3 million since the last valuation (\$1.7 million gain on actuarial liability less \$15 million loss on the actuarial value of assets).

# PART C | PLAN EXPERIENCE AND CHANGES FROM PRIOR VALUATION (continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

#### Investment Return

PERAC's "standard" investment return assumption was 8.0% in our 2012 actuarial valuations. This had been our standard assumption (assuming a reasonable asset allocation) for over 15 years. We believe this assumption could still be considered reasonable as of January 1, 2013. However, based on the current environment, asset allocation, and future expected returns, we recommended that the investment return assumption be decreased to 7.75% this year. The trend both in Massachusetts and across the country over the past 10 years has been to reduce this assumption. A reduction in the investment return assumption increases the plan's liabilities.

#### Salary increase

In the current environment, we believe the salary increase assumption used in the prior valuation is conservative. Therefore, we lowered the salary increase assumption in this valuation. This change decreases the plan's liability. Over the long term, the investment return assumption and the salary increase assumption should move together. This is because both assumptions have an inflation component. The change in the salary increase assumption partially mitigates the impact of the change in the investment return assumption.

The prior salary increase assumption is based on job group and service. The largest increases are in the first few years of service. The assumption grades down each year to an ultimate rate of 4.75% - 5.25% after 10 years of service. For the past 4-5 years, most plans have had significant actuarial gains due to actual salary increases being less than assumed. Our revised assumption slightly reduces the assumption at each year of service. The revised ultimate rates are 4.25% - 4.75%. Although these may still seem somewhat high in the current environment, these are intended to be long term, not short term, rates.

#### Mortality

In local actuarial valuations performed by PERAC as of January 1, 2010, we used the RP-2000 mortality table. This is a standard table we have used since 2002 and is based on an experience analysis of local systems we performed in 2002. A revision to the actuarial standards of practice in 2010 required that future mortality improvements (longer life expectancy) be considered in valuations performed after July, 2011. To begin recognizing this change, as part of our January 1, 2011 local actuarial valuations, we used the RP-2000 mortality table adjusted 10 years with Scale AA (the assumption used in your prior valuation). In our 2012 valuations, to reflect future mortality improvement, we extended this mortality improvement scale beyond 2012. We used this same approach in our 2013 valuations.

# PART C | PLAN EXPERIENCE AND CHANGES FROM PRIOR VALUATION (continued)

#### Overall Impact

The overall impact of these assumption changes increased the plan's actuarial liability by approximately \$5.7 million. The total normal cost decreased by \$23,000. The funding schedule shown in this report reflects these revised assumptions.

#### **Chapter 176 Provisions**

Chapter 176 of the Acts of 2011, An Act Providing for Pension Reform and Benefit Modernization made a number of changes to the Chapter 32 pension law. There are several changes that will have the most impact on decreasing plan liabilities over the longer term. These include an increase in the normal retirement age by two years (for example, from age 65 to age 67 for Group I members), an increase in the age (early retirement) reduction factor for ages below the maximum age (from a 4.0% to a 6.0% annual reduction), and an increase in the period for determining a member's average annual compensation (from 3 years to 5 years). Since these changes are effective only for members hired after April I, 2012, this is the first actuarial valuation to reflect these changes.

As of January 1, 2013, there were 73 members hired after April 1, 2012. Since these members have less than one year of service and are generally young, there is relatively little impact on plan costs in this valuation. The normal cost decreased approximately \$62,000 and the actuarial liability decreased approximately \$92,000 for these members compared to the figures under the prior provisions.

#### **COLA Base**

This valuation reflects a COLA base of \$13,000. The 2011 valuation reflected a \$12,000 base. This change increased the normal cost by approximately \$27,000 and increased the actuarial liability by approximately \$1.2 million. On a funding schedule to 2036, this would mean an appropriation increase of approximately \$105,000 each year from that of the prior schedule.

We recommend that if a system increases the COLA base, there should be a corresponding increase in appropriation to reflect the cost of the benefit enhancement. The System adopted a schedule in which the total appropriations increase 5.0% each year (see below). Due to the accelerated payments, this schedule (over the length of the schedule but not in the first few years) meets our recommendation for an increase in appropriation to reflect the cost of the increased COLA base.

#### **Funding Schedule**

The funding schedule presented in this report was recently adopted by the board. The FY I4 payment and the amortization of the Early Retirement Incentive Program (ERI) are maintained from the prior schedule, except the ERI base was adjusted to reflect the change in investment return assumption. The total appropriation increases 5% each year through FY35 with a final amortization payment in FY36.

# 3. SUMMARY OF VALUATION RESULTS

A. Number of Members on Current Valuation Date	
Active Members	860
Vested Terminated Members	30
Retired Members and Survivors	<u>604</u>
Total	1,494
B. Total Regular Compensation of Active Members	\$35,589,538
C. Normal Cost	
Superannuation	\$3,553,575
Death	351,126
Disability	923,144
Termination	391,229
Total Normal Cost	\$5,219,074
Expected Employee Contributions	3,094,786
Net Employer Normal Cost	\$2,124,288
D. Actuarial Liability	
Active	
Superannuation	\$95,069,059
Death	2,108,094
Disability	4,909,109
Termination	<u>1,696,488</u>
Total Active	\$103,782,750
Vested Terminated Members	2,218,557
Non-Vested Terminated Members	432,219
Retirees and Survivors	134,344,958
Total Actuarial Liability	\$240,778,484
E. Actuarial Value of Assets	152,038,889
F. Unfunded Actuarial Liability: D – E	\$88,739,595
G. Funded Ratio: E/D	63.1%

# 4. APPROPRIATION DEVELOPMENT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014

# PART A | DERIVATION OF APPROPRIATION

# Cost Under Current Funding Schedule

I. a. Normal Cost as of January I, 2013	\$2,124,288
b. For FY14 (adjusted for timing)	\$2,261,482
c. Estimated Expenses	\$325,000
d. Total Employer Normal Cost (b+c)	\$2,586,482
2. a. Unfunded Actuarial Liability as of January 1, 2013	\$81,645,077
b. FY14 amortization payment (23-year, total appropriation 5.0% increasing )*	\$4,926,881
3. a. Unfunded Liability due to 2002 ERI	\$7,094,518
b. FY14 amortization payment (15-year, 4.5% increasing)	\$618,476
4. Total FY14 Payment [Sum of I(d), 2(b), and 3(b)]	\$8,131,839

<sup>\*</sup> FY14 appropriation was maintained at the same level as the prior schedule.

# 4. APPROPRIATION DEVELOPMENT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014 (continued)

PART B | CURRENT FUNDING SCHEDULE

Fiscal	Normal	Amort. of	Amort. of	Total	Unfunded
<b>Year</b>	Cost	<u>UAL</u>	2002 ERI	Cost	Act. Liab.
2014	2,586,482	4,926,881	618,476	8,131,839	92,178,254
2015	2,715,806	5,176,318	646,307	8,538,431	93,491,939
2016	2,851,596	5,438,365	675,391	8,965,352	94,615,929
2017	2,994,176	5,713,661	705,784	9,413,620	95,520,945
2018	3,143,885	6,002,872	737,544	9,884,301	96,174,715
2019	3,301,079	6,306,704	770,734	10,378,516	96,541,696
2020	3,466,133	6,625,893	805,417	10,897,442	96,582,791
2021	3,639,439	6,961,214	841,660	11,442,314	96,255,026
2022	3,821,411	7,313,483	879,535	12,014,430	95,511,213
2023	4,012,482	7,683,555	919,114	12,615,151	94,299,575
2024	4,213,106	8,072,329	960,474	13,245,909	92,563,348
2025	4,423,761	8,480,747	1,003,696	13,908,204	90,240,340
2026	4,644,949	8,909,803	1,048,862	14,603,615	87,262,466
2027	4,877,197	9,360,538	1,096,061	15,333,795	83,555,233
2028	5,121,057	9,834,045	1,145,383	16,100,485	79,037,184
2029	5,377,109	11,528,400		16,905,509	73,619,308
2030	5,645,965	12,104,820		17,750,785	67,204,384
203 I	5,928,263	12,710,061		18,638,324	59,686,282
2032	6,224,676	13,345,564		19,570,240	50,949,205
2033	6,535,910	14,012,842		20,548,752	40,866,867
2034	6,862,706	14,713,484		21,576,190	29,301,602
2035	7,205,841	15,449,158		22,654,999	16,103,406
2036	7,566,133	1,136,475		8,702,608	1,108,897
2037	7,944,440			7,944,440	0

All amounts assume payments will be made November 1 of each fiscal year.

Total Appropriation increases 5% each year through FY35 with a final amortization payment in FY36. Normal cost includes assumed expenses of \$325,000 and is assumed to increase 5% per year. FY14 appropriation was maintained at the same level as the prior schedule.

# 5. GASB STATEMENT NO. 25: ACTUARIAL INFORMATION

The actuarial information required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25 is shown below.

### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)* (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Cov. Payroll ((b-a)/c)
1/1/2013	\$152,038,889	\$240,778,484	\$88,739,595	63.1%	\$35,589,538	249.3%
1/1/2011	\$147,880,236	\$214,622,762	\$66,742,526	68.9%	\$35,657,973	187.2%
1/1/2009	\$122,811,604	\$193,419,991	\$70,608,387	63.5%	\$35,161,871	200.8%

<sup>\*</sup>excludes State reimbursed COLA

### **Notes To Schedules**

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual entry age normal
Amortization Method	Total appropriation 5.0% increasing
Remaining Amortization Period	23 years
Asset Valuation Method	Actuarial value, 5-year smoothing

## Principal Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return	7.75%
Projected Salary Increases	Service based table with ultimate rates of 4.25%, 4.50%, and 4.75% for groups I, 2, and 4 respectively.

### 6. PLAN ASSETS

# A | BREAKDOWN OF ASSETS BY INVESTMENT TYPE

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$415,266
Pooled Domestic Equity Funds	96,483,400
Pooled Domestic Fixed Income Funds	26,891,679
Pooled Alternative Investments	13,991,068
Pooled Real Estate Funds	13,500,814
PRIT Absolute	4,104,008
Accounts Receivable	2,811,768
Accounts Payable	(66,147)
Total	\$158,131,856

# B | BREAKDOWN OF ASSETS BY FUND

Annuity Savings Fund	\$35,290,783
Annuity Reserve Fund	14,664,705
Military Fund	24,405
Pension Fund	3,019,775
Pension Reserve Fund	105,132,188
Total	\$158,131,856

C | MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS \$158,131,856

D | ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS \$152,038,889

# 6. PLAN ASSETS (continued)

# E | DEVELOPMENT OF ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

	2012	2013
A. Development of total investment income including appreciation		
I. Beginning of year market value	140,589,021	158,131,856
2a. Employee contributions	3,318,318	
b. Employer contributions	7,790,003	
c. Other receipts	926,248	
d. Total receipts: (a) + (b) + (c)	12,034,569	
e. Benefit payments	13,166,714	
f. Expenses	939,751	
g. Other disbursements	1,027,615	
h. Total disbursements: (e) + (f) + (g)	15,134,080	
i. Cash flow: (d) – (h)	(3,099,511)	
3. End of year market value	158,131,856	
4. Investment income including appreciation: $(3) - (1) - (2(i))$	20,642,346	
B. Expected market value development		
Beginning of year market value	140,589,021	
2. Cash flow (A2(i))	(3,099,511)	
3. Expected Return on (I)	11,247,122	
4. Expected return on cash flow	(123,980)	
$A2(i) \times 0.08 / 2$		
5. Expected market value end of year	148,612,652	
(1)+(2)+(3)+(4)		
C. Gain/(loss) for year: A3-B5	9,519,204	
D. Development of Actuarial Value of Assets		
Beginning of year market value	140,589,021	158,131,856
2a. Asset gain/(loss) in prior year	(10,738,360)	9,519,204
b. Asset gain/(loss) in 2 <sup>nd</sup> prior year	5,521,614	(10,738,360)
c. Asset gain/(loss) in 3 <sup>rd</sup> prior year	13,559,868	5,521,614
d. Asset gain/(loss) in 4 <sup>th</sup> prior year	(46,585,416)	13,559,868
<ul> <li>Unrecognized gain/(loss)</li> <li>.8 x [2a] + .6 x [2b] + .4 x [2c] +.2 x [2d]</li> </ul>	(9,170,855)	6,092,967
4. Beginning of year actuarial value of assets: [1] - [3]	149,759,876	152,038,889
5. Actuarial value / Market value	106.5%	96.1%
6. Adjusted actuarial value: (4) but not less than 90%		
nor greater than 110% of market value	149,759,876	152,038,889

# 7. INFORMATION ON SYSTEM MEMBERSHIP

A critical element of an actuarial valuation is accurate and up-to-date membership information. PERAC conducted an extensive review of member data submitted for this valuation.

# PART A | ACTIVE MEMBERS

	Actives	Vested Terminations
Number of Members	860	30
Average Age	48.2	52.1
Average Service	12.3	15.1
Average Salary	\$41,383	\$25,915
Average Annuity Savings Fund Balance	\$39,092	\$32,631

# Age by Service Distribution of Active Members

#### Years of Service

Present Age	0 - 4	5 –9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30+	Total
0 - 24	17	I						18
25 - 29	54	П						65
30 - 34	21	19	3					43
35 - 39	27	15	22	4				68
40 - 44	31	19	28	24	7	1		110
45 - 49	31	29	34	11	16	10		131
50 - 54	31	32	33	24	14	32	15	181
55 - 59	14	10	35	23	9	7	16	114
60 - 64	5	8	17	26	12	9	12	89
65+	2	9	7	8	5	7	3	41
Total	233	153	179	120	63	66	46	860

# 7. INFORMATION ON SYSTEM MEMBERSHIP (continued)

# PART A | ACTIVE MEMBERS (continued)

# Salary by Age Distribution of Active Members

Present Age	Number of Members	Total Salary	Average Salary
0 - 24	18	\$400,764	\$22,265
25 - 29	65	\$2,019,241	\$31,065
30 - 34	43	\$1,802,038	\$41,908
35 - 39	68	\$2,796,627	\$41,127
40 - 44	110	\$5,336,190	\$48,511
45 - 49	131	\$5,113,821	\$39,037
50 - 54	181	\$8,528,180	\$47,117
55 - 59	114	\$4,535,279	\$39,783
60 - 64	89	\$3,647,133	\$40,979
65+	41	\$1,410,265	\$34,397
Total	860	\$35,589,538	\$41,383

# 7. INFORMATION ON SYSTEM MEMBERSHIP (continued)

# PART B | RETIREES AND SURVIVORS

	Superannuation	Ordinary Disability	Accidental Disability	Survivors	Total
Number of Members	457	5	54	88	604
Average Age	71.7	64.7	65.8	77.8	72.0
Average Annual Benefit	\$23,771	\$19,112	\$29,666	\$14,209	\$22,866

# Benefit by Payment and Retirement Type

	Superannuation	Ordinary Disability	Accidental Disability	Survivors	Total
Total Annuity	\$1,805,250	\$13,561	\$118,464	\$119,536	\$2,056,811
Pension (excluding State reimbursed COLA)	\$8,979,183	\$81,729	\$1,451,776	\$1,061,310	\$11,573,998
State reimbursed COLA	\$78,851	\$270	\$31,724	\$69,506	\$180,351
Total	\$10,863,284	\$95,560	\$1,601,964	\$1,250,352	\$13,811,160

# 7. INFORMATION ON SYSTEM MEMBERSHIP (continued)

# PART B | RETIREES & SURVIVORS (continued)

# Benefit by Age Distribution

Present Age	Number of Members	Total Benefits	Average Benefits
Less than 40	2	\$60,525	\$30,263
40 - 44	2	\$46,049	\$23,025
45 - 49	0	\$0	\$0
50 - 54	П	\$363,448	\$33,041
55 - 59	60	\$2,138,121	\$35,635
60 - 64	93	\$2,751,177	\$29,583
65 - 69	139	\$3,501,198	\$25,188
70 - 74	74	\$1,671,668	\$22,590
75 - 79	70	\$1,244,394	\$17,777
80 - 84	50	\$768,106	\$15,362
85 - 89	64	\$848,303	\$13,255
90+	39	\$418,171	\$10,722
Totals	604	\$13,811,160	\$22,866

#### 8. VALUATION COST METHODS

### PART A | ACTUARIAL COST METHOD

The Actuarial Cost Method which was used to determine pension liabilities in this valuation is known as the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under this method the Normal Cost for each active member on the valuation date is determined as the level percent of salary, which, if paid annually from the date the employee first became a member of the retirement system, would fully fund by retirement, death, disability or termination, the projected benefits which the member is expected to receive. The Actuarial Liability for each member is determined as the present value as of the valuation date of all projected benefits which the member is expected to receive, minus the present value of future annual Normal Cost payments expected to be made to the fund. Since only active members have a Normal Cost, the Actuarial Liability for inactives, retirees and survivors is simply equal to the present value of all projected benefits. The sum of Normal Cost and Actuarial Liability for each member is equal to the Normal Cost and Actuarial Liability for the Plan. The Unfunded Actuarial Liability is the Actuarial Liability less current assets.

The Normal Cost for a member will remain a level percent of salary for each year of membership except for changes in provisions of the Plan or the actuarial assumptions employed in projection of benefits and present value determinations. The Normal Cost for the entire system will also change due to the addition of new members or the retirement, death or termination of members. The Actuarial Liability for a member will increase each year to reflect the additional accrual of Normal Cost. It will also change if the Plan provisions or actuarial assumptions are changed.

Differences each year between the actual experience of the Plan and the experience projected by the actuarial assumptions are reflected by adjustments to the Unfunded Actuarial Liability. An experience difference which increases the Unfunded Actuarial Liability is called an *Actuarial Loss* and one which decreases the Unfunded Actuarial Liability is called an *Actuarial Gain*.

# PART B | ASSET VALUATION METHOD

The actuarial value of assets is determined in accordance with the deferred recognition method under which 20% of the gains or losses occurring in the prior year are recognized, 40% of those occurring 2 years ago, etc., so that 100% of gains or losses occurring 5 years ago are recognized. The actuarial value of assets will be adjusted, if necessary, in order to remain between 90% and 110% of market value.

### 9. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

INVESTMENT RETURN

7.75% per year

INTEREST RATE CREDITED TO THE ANNUITY

**SAVINGS FUND** 

3.5% per year

COST OF LIVING INCREASES

3.0% per year (of the first \$13,000)

#### SALARY INCREASE

Service	Group I	Group 2	Group 4
0	6.00%	6.00%	7.00%
I	5.50%	5.50%	6.50%
2	5.50%	5.50%	6.00%
3	5.25%	5.25%	5.75%
4	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%
5	4.75%	4.75%	5.25%
6	4.75%	4.75%	4.75%
7	4.50%	4.50%	4.75%
8	4.50%	4.50%	4.75%
9	4.25%	4.50%	4.75%
10+	4.25%	4.50%	4.75%

#### **MORTALITY**

Pre-retirement rates reflect the RP-2000 Employees table projected 10 years with Scale AA (gender distinct). Post-retirement rates reflect the RP- 2000 Healthy Annuitant table projected 10 years with Scale AA (gender distinct). The liabilities are then increased .75% to approximate mortality improvement to 2020 for active members and 2015 for retirees. For disabled retirees, this table is set forward 2 years. It is assumed that 55% of pre-retirement deaths are job-related for Group 1 and 2 members and 90% are job-related for Group 4 members. For members retired under an Accidental Disability, 40% of deaths are assumed to be from the same cause as the disability.

# 9. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (continued)

#### WITHDRAWAL

Based on analysis of past experience. Annual rates are based on years of service. Sample annual rates for Groups 1 and 2 are shown below. For Group 4 members the rate is 0.015 each year for service up to and including 10 years. No withdrawal is assumed thereafter.

Service	Groups I & 2		
0	0.150		
5	0.076		
10	0.054		
15	0.033		
20	0.020		

#### DISABILITY

Based on an analysis of past experience. It is also assumed that the percentage of jobrelated disabilities is 55% for Groups I & 2 and 90% for Group 4.

Age	Groups I & 2	Group 4	
20	0.00010	0.0010	
30	0.00030	0.0030	
40	0.00101	0.0030	
50	0.00192	0.0125	
60	0.00280	0.0085	

#### **EXPENSES**

An amount of \$325,000 has been included in the Normal Cost for FY14. This amount includes estimated administrative expenses and a portion of the investment related expenses. This amount is assumed to increase by 5% each year.

# 9. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (continued)

# RETIREMENT (SUPERANNUATION)

Age	Grou	ps I & 2	Group 4	
	Male	Female		
45-49	0.000	0.000	0.010	
50	0.010	0.015	0.020	
51	0.010	0.015	0.020	
52	0.010	0.020	0.020	
53	0.010	0.025	0.050	
54	0.020	0.025	0.075	
55	0.020	0.055	0.150	
56	0.025	0.065	0.100	
57	0.025	0.065	0.100	
58	0.050	0.065	0.100	
59	0.065	0.065	0.150	
60	0.120	0.050	0.200	
61	0.200	0.130	0.200	
62	0.300	0.150	0.250	
63	0.250	0.125	0.250	
64	0.220	0.180	0.300	
65	0.400	0.150	1.000	
66	0.250	0.200	1.000	
67	0.250	0.200	1.000	
68	0.300	0.250	1.000	
69	0.300	0.200	1.000	
70 and after	1.000	1.000	1.000	

#### 10. SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

There are 105 contributory retirement systems for public employees in Massachusetts. Each system is governed by a retirement board and all boards, although operating independently, are governed by Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. This law in general provides uniform benefits, uniform contribution requirements and a uniform accounting and funds structure for all systems.

#### **PARTICIPATION**

Participation is mandatory for all full-time employees. Eligibility with respect to part-time, provisional, temporary, seasonal or intermittent employment is governed by regulations promulgated by the retirement board, and approved by PERAC. Membership is optional for certain elected officials.

There are 3 classes of membership in the retirement system:

#### Group I:

General employees, including clerical, administrative, technical and all other employees not otherwise classified.

#### Group 2:

Certain specified hazardous duty positions.

#### Group 4:

Police officers, firefighters, and other specified hazardous positions.

#### MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS

Member contributions vary depending on the most recent date of membership:

Prior to 1975: 5% of regular compensation 1975 - 1983: 7% of regular compensation 1984 to 6/30/96: 8% of regular compensation 7/1/96 to present: 9% of regular compensation

1979 to present: an additional 2% of regular compensation

in excess of \$30,000.

In addition, members of Group I who join the system on or after April 2, 2012 will have their withholding rate reduced to 6 % after achieving 30 years of creditable service.

#### RATE OF INTEREST

Interest on regular deductions made after January I, 1984 is a rate established by PERAC in consultation with the Commissioner of Banks. The rate is obtained from the average rates paid on individual savings accounts by a representative sample of at least 10 financial institutions.

#### RETIREMENT AGE

The mandatory retirement age for some Group 2 and Group 4 employees is age 65. Most Group 2 and Group 4 members may remain in service after reaching age 65. Group 2 and Group 4 members who are employed in certain public safety positions are required to retire at age 65. There is no mandatory retirement age for employees in Group 1.

#### SUPERANNUATION RETIREMENT

A person who became a member before April 2, 2012 is eligible for a superannuation retirement allowance (service retirement) upon meeting the following conditions:

- · completion of 20 years of service, or
- attainment of age 55 if hired prior to 1978, or if classified in Group 4, or
- attainment of age 55 with 10 years of service, if hired after 1978, and if classified in Group 1 or 2

A person who became a member on or after April 2, 2012 is eligible for a superannuation retirement allowance (service retirement) upon meeting the following conditions:

- attainment of age 60 with 10 years of service if classified in Group 1, or
- attainment of age 55 with 10 years of service if classified in Group 2, or
- attainment of age 55 if hired prior to 1978, or if classified in Group 4.

#### AMOUNT OF BENEFIT

A member's annual allowance is determined by multiplying average salary by a benefit rate related to the member's age and job classification at retirement, and the resulting product by his creditable service. The amount determined by the benefit formula cannot exceed 80% of the member's highest three year (or five year salary as discussed below) average salary. For veterans as defined in G.L. c. 32, s. I, there is an additional benefit of \$15 per year for each year of creditable service, up to a maximum of \$300.

- Salary is defined as gross regular compensation. For employees who become members after January 1, 2011, regular compensation is limited to 64% of the federal limit found in 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(17). In addition, regular compensation for members who retire after April 2, 2012 will be limited to prohibit "spiking" of a member's salary to increase the retirement benefit.
- For persons who became members prior to April 2, 2012, Average Salary is the average annual rate of regular compensation received during the 3 consecutive years that produce the highest average, or, if greater, during the last 3 years (whether or not consecutive) preceding retirement.
- For persons who became members on or after April 2, 2012, Average Salary is the average annual rate of regular compensation received during the 5 consecutive years that produce the highest average, or, if greater, during the last 5 years (whether or not consecutive) preceding retirement.
- The Benefit Rate varies with the member's retirement age. For persons who became members prior to April 2, 2012 the highest rate of 2.5% applies to Group I employees who retire at or after age 65, Group 2 employees who retire at or after age 60, and to Group 4 employees who retire at or after age 55. A .1% reduction is applied for each year of age under the maximum age for the member's group. For Group 2 employees who terminate from service under age 55, the benefit rate for a Group I employee shall be used.
- For persons who became members on or after April 2, 2012 and retire with less than 30 years of creditable service, the highest rate of 2.5% applies to Group I employees who retire at or after age 67, Group 2 employees who retire at or after age 62, and to Group 4 employees who retire at or after age 57. A .15% reduction is applied for each year of age under the maximum age for the member's group.
- For persons who became members on or after April 2, 2012 and retire with more than 30 years of creditable service, the highest rate of 2.5% applies to Group I employees who retire at or after age 67, Group 2 employees who retire at or after age 62, and to Group 4 employees who retire at or after age 55. A .125% reduction is applied for each year of age under the maximum age for the member's group.

#### DEFERRED VESTED BENEFIT

A participant who has attained the requisite years of creditable service can elect to defer his or her retirement until a later date. Group 4 employees cannot defer beyond age 65. All participants must begin to receive a retirement allowance or withdraw their accumulated deductions no later than April 15 of the calendar year following the year they reach age  $70\frac{1}{2}$ .

#### WITHDRAWAL OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Member contributions may be withdrawn upon termination of employment. The interest rate for employees who first become members on or after January 1, 1984 who voluntarily withdraw their contributions with less than 10 years of service will be 3%. Interest payable on all other withdrawals will be set at regular interest.

#### **DISABILITY RETIREMENT**

The Massachusetts Retirement Plan provides 2 types of disability retirement benefits:

#### ORDINARY DISABILITY

**Eligibility:** Non-veterans who become totally and permanently disabled by reason of a non-job related condition with at least 10 years of creditable service (or 15 years creditable service in systems in which the local option contained in G.L. c. 32, s.6(1) has not been adopted).

Veterans with ten years of creditable service who become totally and permanently disabled by reason of a non-job related condition prior to reaching "maximum age". "Maximum age" applies only to employees classified in Group 4 who are subject to mandatory retirement.

**Retirement Allowance:** For persons who became members prior to April 2, 2012, the benefit is equal to the accrued superannuation retirement benefit as if the member was age 55. If the member is a veteran, the benefit is 50% of the member's final rate of salary during the preceding 12 months, plus an annuity based upon accumulated member contributions plus credited interest. If the member is over age 55, he or she will receive not less than the superannuation allowance to which he or she is entitled.

For persons in Group I who became members on or after April 2, 2012, the benefit is equal to the accrued superannuation retirement benefit as if the member was age 60. If the member is a veteran, the benefit is 50% of the member's final rate of salary during the preceding I2 months, plus an annuity based upon accumulated member contributions plus credited interest. If the member is over age 60, he or she will receive not less than the superannuation allowance to which he or she would have been entitled had they retired for superannuation.

#### ORDINARY DISABILITY (continued)

For persons in Group 2 and Group 4 who became members on or after April 2, 2012, the benefit is equal to the accrued superannuation retirement benefit as if the member was age 55. If the member is a veteran, the benefit is 50% of the member's final rate of salary during the preceding 12 months, plus an annuity based upon accumulated member contributions plus credited interest. If the member is over age 55, he or she will receive not less than the superannuation allowance to which he or she is entitled

#### **ACCIDENTAL DISABILITY**

**Eligibility:** Applies to members who become permanently and totally unable to perform the essential duties of the position as a result of a personal injury sustained or hazard undergone while in the performance of duties. There are no minimum age or service requirements.

Retirement Allowance: 72% of salary plus an annuity based on accumulated member contributions, with interest. This amount is not to exceed 100% of pay. For those who became members in service after January 1, 1988 or who have not been members in service continually since that date, the amount is limited to 75% of pay. There is an additional pension of \$774.36 per year (or \$312.00 per year in systems in which the local option contained in G.L. c. 32, s. 7(2)(a)(iii) has not been adopted), per child who is under 18 at the time of the member's retirement, with no age limitation if the child is mentally or physically incapacitated from earning. The additional pension may continue up to age 22 for any child who is a full time student at an accredited educational institution. For systems that have adopted Chapter 157 of the Acts of 2005, veterans as defined in G.L. c. 32, s. I receive an additional benefit of \$15 per year for each year of creditable service, up to a maximum of \$300.

#### ACCIDENTAL DEATH

**Eligibility:** Applies to members who die as a result of a work-related injury or if the member was retired for accidental disability and the death was the natural and proximate result of the injury or hazard undergone on account of which such member was retired.

Allowance: An immediate payment to a named beneficiary equal to the accumulated deductions at the time of death, plus a pension equal to 72% of current salary and payable to the surviving spouse, dependent children or the dependent parent, plus a supplement of \$774.36 per year, per child (or \$312.00 per year in systems in which the local option contained in G.L. c. 32, s. 9(2)(d)(ii) has not been adopted), payable to the spouse or legal guardian until all dependent children reach age 18 or 22 if a full time student, unless mentally or physically incapacitated.

The surviving spouse of a member of a police or fire department or any corrections officer who, under specific and limited circumstances detailed in the statute, suffers an accident and is killed or sustains injuries while in the performance of his duties that results in his death, may receive a pension equal to the maximum salary for the position held by the member upon his death.

In addition, an eligible family member may receive a one time payment of \$100,000.00 from the State Retirement Board.

#### DEATH AFTER ACCIDENTAL DISABILITY RETIREMENT

Effective November 7, 1996, Accidental Disability retirees were allowed to select Option C at retirement and provide a benefit for an eligible survivor. For Accidental Disability retirees prior to November 7, 1996, who could not select Option C, if the member's death is from a cause unrelated to the condition for which the member received accidental disability benefits, a surviving spouse will receive an annual allowance of \$6,000. For Systems that accept the provisions of Section 28 of Chapter 131 of the Acts of 2010, the amount of this benefit is \$9,000.

#### DEATH IN ACTIVE SERVICE

Allowance: An immediate allowance equal to that which would have been payable had the member retired and selected Option C on the day before his or her death. For a member who became a member prior to April 2, 2012 whose death occurred prior to the member's superannuation retirement age, the age 55 benefit rate is used. For a member classified in Group I who became a member on or after April 2, 2012 whose death occurred, the age 60 benefit rate is used. If the member died after age 60, the actual age is used. The minimum annual allowance payable to the surviving spouse of a member in service who dies with at least two years of creditable service is \$3,000 unless the retirement system has accepted the local option increasing this minimum annual allowance to \$6,000, provided that the member and the spouse were married for at least one year and living together on the member's date of death

The surviving spouse of such a member in service receives an additional allowance equal to the sum of \$1,440 per year for the first child and \$1,080 per year for each additional child until all dependent children reach age 18 or 22 if a full time student, unless mentally or physically incapacitated.

#### COST OF LIVING

If a system has accepted Chapter 17 of the Acts of 1997, and the Retirement Board votes to pay a cost of living increase (COLA) for that year, the percentage is determined based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index used for indexing Social Security benefits, but cannot exceed 3.0%. Section 51 of Chapter 127 of the Acts of 1999, if accepted, allows boards to grant COLA increases greater than that determined by CPI but not to exceed 3.0%. The first \$12,000 of a retiree's total allowance is subject to a COLA. The total COLA for periods from 1981 through 1996 is paid for by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Under the provisions of Chapter 32, Section 103(j) inserted by Section 19 of Chapter 188 of the Acts of 2010, systems may increase the maximum base on which the COLA is calculated in multiples of \$1,000. Each increase must be accepted by a majority vote of the Retirement Board and approved by the legislative body.

#### METHODS OF PAYMENT

A member may elect to receive his or her retirement allowance in one of 3 forms of payment.

**Option A:** Total annual allowance, payable in monthly installments, commencing at retirement and terminating at the member's death.

**Option B:** A reduced annual allowance, payable in monthly installments, commencing at retirement and terminating at the death of the member, provided, however, that if the total amount of the annuity portion received by the member is less than the amount of his or her accumulated deductions, including interest, the difference or balance of his accumulated deductions will be paid in a lump sum to the retiree's beneficiary or beneficiaries of choice.

Option C: A reduced annual allowance, payable in monthly installments, commencing at retirement. At the death of the retired employee, 2/3 of the allowance is payable to the member's designated beneficiary (who may be the spouse, or former spouse who is unmarried at the time of retirement for a member whose retirement becomes effective on or after February 2, 1992, child, parent, sister, or brother of the employee) for the life of the beneficiary. For members who retired on or after January 12, 1988, if the beneficiary pre-deceases the retiree, the benefit payable increases (or "pops up" to Option A) based on the factor used to determine the Option C benefit at retirement. For members who retired prior to January 12, 1988, if the System has accepted Section 288 of Chapter 194 of the Acts of 1998 and the beneficiary pre-deceases the retiree, the benefit payable "pops up" to Option A in the same fashion. The Option C became available to accidental disability retirees on November 7, 1996.

#### ALLOCATION OF PENSION COSTS

If a member's total creditable service was partly earned by employment in more than one retirement system, the cost of the "pension portion" is allocated between the different systems pro rata based on the member's service within each retirement system. If a member received regular compensation concurrently from two or more systems on or after January 1, 2010, and was not vested in both systems as of January 1, 2010, such a pro-ration will not be undertaken. This is because such a person will receive a separate retirement allowance from each system.

#### II. GLOSSARY OF TERMS

#### ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

That portion of the Actuarial Present Value of pension plan benefits which is not provided by future Normal Costs or employee contributions. It is the portion of the Actuarial Present Value attributable to service rendered as of the Valuation Date.

#### ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Assumptions, based upon past experience or standard tables, used to predict the occurrence of future events affecting the amount and duration of pension benefits, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; changes in compensation; rates of investment earnings and asset appreciation or depreciation; and any other relevant items.

#### ACTUARIAL COST METHOD (OR FUNDING METHOD)

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of all past and future pension plan benefits to the Normal Cost and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

### ACTUARIAL GAIN OR LOSS (OR EXPERIENCE GAIN OR LOSS)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon the set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two Actuarial Valuation dates.

**Note:** The effect on the Accrued Liability and/or the Normal Cost resulting from changes in the Actuarial Assumptions, the Actuarial Cost Method, or pension plan provisions would be described as such, not as an Actuarial Gain (Loss).

#### ACTUARIAL PRESENT VALUE

The dollar value on the valuation date of all benefits expected to be paid to current members based upon the Actuarial Assumptions and the terms of the Plan.

#### AMORTIZATION PAYMENT

That portion of the pension plan appropriation which represents payments made to pay interest on and the reduction of the Unfunded Accrued Liability.

# II. GLOSSARY OF TERMS (continued)

#### ANNUAL STATEMENT

The statement submitted to PERAC each year that describes the asset holdings and Fund balances as of December 3I and the transactions during the calendar year that affected the financial condition of the retirement system.

#### ANNUITY RESERVE FUND

The fund into which total accumulated deductions, including interest, is transferred at the time a member retires, and from which annuity payments are made.

#### ANNUITY SAVINGS FUND

The fund in which employee contributions plus interest credited are held for active members and for former members who have not withdrawn their contributions and are not yet receiving a benefit (inactive members).

#### **ASSETS**

The value of securities as described in Section VIII.

#### COST OF BENEFITS

The estimated payment from the pension system for benefits for the fiscal year. This was the minimum amount payable during the first six years of some funding schedules.

#### **FUNDING SCHEDULE**

The schedule based upon the most recently approved actuarial valuation which sets forth the amount which would be appropriated to the pension system in accordance with Section 22(6A), Section 22D or Section 22F of M.G.L. Chapter 32.

#### **GASB**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board

### II. GLOSSARY OF TERMS (continued)

#### NORMAL COST

Total Normal Cost is that portion of the Actuarial Present Value of pension plan benefits, which is to be paid in a single fiscal year. The Employee Normal Cost is the amount of the expected employee contributions for the fiscal year. The Employer Normal Cost is the difference between the Total Normal Cost and the Employee Normal Cost.

#### PENSION FUND

The fund into which appropriation amounts as determined by PERAC are paid and from which pension benefits are paid.

#### PENSION RESERVE FUND

The fund which shall be credited with all amounts set aside by a system for the purpose of establishing a reserve to meet future pension liabilities. These amounts would include excess interest earnings.

#### SPECIAL FUND FOR MILITARY SERVICE CREDIT

The fund which is credited with amounts paid by the retirement board equal to the amount which would have been contributed by a member during a military leave of absence as if the member had remained in active service of the retirement board. In the event of retirement or a non-job related death, such amount is transferred to the Annuity Reserve Fund. In the event of termination prior to retirement or death, such amount shall be transferred to the Pension Fund.

#### UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Assets.

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